programming tools

## ICPC Greater NY Regional Contest

## C•Arthur's Table

King Arthur is well known for holding that all knights are equal and for his round table.
There is a central serving platter (did Merlin invent the lazy-susan?) and each knight has a circular trencher to eat from:


Unfortunately, Merlin accidentally called up a pre-shade of George Orwell and Arthur started muttering something like:
... but some knights are more equal than others...
So he asked Merlin to move the center platter away from him a bit so he and his closaest aides could have a bit more room:


Merlin complained that all the trenchers and the serving platter would have to be remade. Arthur, like a good leader said "Deal with it." programming tools

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Write a program to help Merlin make the new trenchers and serving platter. To describe the layout we will use a coodinate system with origin at the center of the table, with the $\mathbf{x}$ axis pointing to Arthur's seat and the $\mathbf{y}$ axis perpendicular:


## Input

Input consists of a single line containing the diameter, $\boldsymbol{D}$, ( $8<=\boldsymbol{D}<=30$ ) of the table (in kingly feet), the number, $\boldsymbol{N},(7<=\boldsymbol{N}<=40)$ of knights to be seated, and the offset, $\boldsymbol{O}, 0.1<=\boldsymbol{O}<$ radius of an original trencher) from the center of the table to the center of the central serving platter (as a decimal number of kingly feet).

## Output

The output consists five lines. The first output line gives the radius of the central platter (in kingly feet) to 3 decimal places with center at (-offset, 0 ). (offset is $\mathbf{O}$ from the input.)

The next four lines consist of three space separated floating point values to three decimal places. These values represent the $\mathbf{x}$ coordinate of the center of a trencher, the $\mathbf{y}$ coordinate of the center of the trencher and the radius of the trencher (all in kingly feet) of Arthur's trencher and the next three trenchers counter-clockwise from Arthur's (one set of values for each line of output).

## Sample 1:

| Sample Input | Sample Output |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10110.5 | 2.761 |
|  | 3.6310 .0001 .369 |
|  | 2.7032 .5131 .310 |
|  | 0.5723 .7851 .172 |
|  | -1.625 3.6211 .031 |

